

Developed by









Glecaprevir and pibrentasvir (G/P)

Supported by

Developer(s)

AbbVie Originator https://www.abbvie.com/

United States

abbvie

AbbVie Inc. is a global biopharmaceutical company that manufactures and develops innovative medicines as part of a diversified portfolio across several therapeutic categories including immunology, oncology, neuroscience, aesthetics and eyecare. Headquartered in North Chicago, Illinois, AbbVie was founded in 2013 following a successful corporate spin-off from its parent company Abbott Laboratories.

Drug structure



Pibrentasvir Chemical Structure

Sourced from Drugbank



Glecaprevir Chemical Structure

Sourced from Drugbank



Glecaprevir and Pibrentasvir Chemical Structures

Drug information

Associated long-acting platforms

Aqueous drug particle suspension

Administration route

Oral, Intramuscular

Therapeutic area(s)

HCV

Use case(s)

Treatment

Use of drug

Ease of administration

Administered by a nurse Administered by a specialty health worker

User acceptance

Dosage

Available dose and strength

Not provided

Frequency of administration

Not provided

Maximum dose

Not provided

Recommended dosing regimen

Not provided

Additional comments

Not provided

Dosage link(s)

Drug information

Drug's link(s)

Not provided

Generic name

Glecaprevir and Pibrentasvir

Brand name

Maviret, Mavyret

Compound type

Small molecule

Summary

Glecaprevir and Pibrentasvir (G/P) is a fixed-dose combination therapy indicated for the treatment of adult patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotypes 1-6 with or without compensated cirrhosis. G/P consists of two pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral agents: (1) Glecaprevir which targets the HCV non-structural viral protein 3/4A (NS3/4A) serine protease, and (2) Pibrentasvir which inhibits the HCV NS5A protein both of which are essential for viral RNA replication and viron assembly. G/P is postulated to possess advantageous pharmacological properties - including suitable target plasma exposures, half-life duration and aqueous solubility - that could potentially enable the development of a cost-effective long-acting injectable formulation via particle-processing technologies.

Approval status

Unknown

Regulatory authorities

Unknown

Delivery device(s)

Scale-up and manufacturing prospects

Scale-up prospects

Long-acting formulations of Glecaprevir and Pibrentasvir (G/P) are still in the early stages of drug development and therefore manufacturing information is limited with few reported examples. One novel approach currently being pioneered by researchers at Tandem Nano Ltd. utilises a proprietary Solid Drug Nanoparticle (SDN) technology platform to achieve high levels of G/P drug loading (>500mg/mL). Interestingly, preclinical pharmacokinetic assessments displayed an apparent difference in the release kinetics of both drugs which could be related to differences in aqueous solubility.

Tentative equipment list for manufacturing

Not provided

Manufacturing

Proposed minimally acceptable characteristics for prospective long-acting G/P formulations include: (1) 12-month shelf life as a powder with no cold chain required, (2) suitable drug volume enabling a one monthly intramuscular injection, (3) manageable injection site reaction, and (4) cost equal or less than the oral therapy equivalent.

Specific analytical instrument required for characterization of formulation

Clinical trials

Excipients

Proprietary excipients used

Not provided

Novel excipients or existing excipients at a concentration above Inactive Ingredients Database (IID) for the specified route of administration

Not provided

Residual solvents used

Patent info

Compound patent families

Patent informations

Representativewith with patentPatent patentPatent descriptionpatentCategories Patent holderMPPsourceGlecaprevir/Pibrentasvir use in HCV (without IFN or RBV) - treatment regimenCA2994496UseAbbvie IncYesFesExpiry date: 2038-02-09 The present invention features interferon-free therapies for the treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.New Sum					Licence	
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir use in HCV CA2994496 Use Abbvie Inc Yes (without IFN or RBV) - treatment regimen Expiry date: 2038-02-09 The present invention features interferon-free therapies for the Treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt		Representative			with	Patent
(without IFN or RBV) - treatment regimen Expiry date: 2038-02-09 The present invention features interferon-free therapies for the treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment for V. Preferably, the treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	Patent description	patent	Categories	Patent holder	MPP	source
(without IFN or RBV) - treatment regimen Expiry date: 2038-02-09 The present invention features interferon-free therapies for the treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir use in HCV	CA2994496	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	
Expiry date: 2038-02-09The present invention featuresinterferon-free therapies for thetreatment of HCV. Preferably, thetreatment is over a shorter durationof treatment, such as no more than12 weeks. In one aspect, thetreatment comprises administeringat least two direct acting antiviralagents to a subject with HCVinfection, wherein the treatmentlasts for 12 weeks and does notinterferon or ribavirin, and said atleast two direct acting antiviralagents comprise (a) Compound 1 ora pharmaceutically acceptable saltthereof and (b) Compound 2 or apharmaceutically acceptable salt						
The present invention features interferon-free therapies for the treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	regimen					
interferon-free therapies for the treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	-					
treatment of HCV. Preferably, the treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	The present invention features					
treatment is over a shorter duration of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	interferon-free therapies for the					
of treatment, such as no more than 12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	treatment of HCV. Preferably, the					
12 weeks. In one aspect, the treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	treatment is over a shorter duration					
treatment comprises administering at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	of treatment, such as no more than					
at least two direct acting antiviral agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	12 weeks. In one aspect, the					
agents to a subject with HCV infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	treatment comprises administering					
infection, wherein the treatment lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	at least two direct acting antiviral					
lasts for 12 weeks and does not include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	agents to a subject with HCV					
include administration of either interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	infection, wherein the treatment					
interferon or ribavirin, and said at least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	lasts for 12 weeks and does not					
least two direct acting antiviral agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	include administration of either					
agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	interferon or ribavirin, and said at					
a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	least two direct acting antiviral					
thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt	agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or					
pharmaceutically acceptable salt	a pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
	thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a					
thereof.	pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
	thereof.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income

Granted		United States of America
Filed		Canada
Not in force	China, Brazil, Mexico, Türkiye, North	Australia, Japan, United States of
	Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and	America, Belgium, Germany, France,
	Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia,	Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland,
	Moldova, Republic of, Morocco, Tunisia	United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria,
		Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark,
		Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland,
		Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia,
		Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland,
		Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia,
		Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir solid	WO2017015211	Composition Abbvie Inc	Yes	
compositions II				
Expiry date: 2036-07-18				
The present invention features solid				
pharmaceutical compositions comprising Compound 1 and				
Compound 2. In one embodiment, the solid pharmaceutical				
composition includes (1) a first				
layer which comprises 100 mg				
Compound 1, as well as a				
pharmaceutically acceptable				
hydrophilic polymer and a				
pharmaceutically acceptable				
surfactant, all of which are				
formulated in amorphous solid				
dispersion; and (2) a second layer				
which comprises 40 mg Compound				
2, as well as a pharmaceutically				
acceptable hydrophilic polymer and				
a pharmaceutically acceptable				
surfactant, all of which are				
formulated in amorphous solid				
dispersion.				

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	South Africa	Australia, Canada, Japan, Israel, New Zealand, Panama

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Filed	Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, Ecuador, Guatemala, Mongolia, Thailand	Korea, Republic of, Costa Rica, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia, New Zealand, Singapore, Hong Kong
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Brazil, China, Colombia, Philippines, Peru, Dominican Republic, Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Egypt, Indonesia, Viet Nam, India, Mexico, Moldova, Republic of, Malaysia, Ukraine	Korea, Republic of, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Chile, Russian Federation

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir solid compositions I	WO2016210273	Composition Abbvie Inc	Yes	
Expiry date: 2036-06-24				
The present invention features solid				
pharmaceutical compositions				
comprising Compound 1 and				
Compound 2. In one embodiment,				
the solid pharmaceutical				
composition includes (1) a first				
layer which comprises 100 mg				
Compound 1, as well as a				
pharmaceutically acceptable				
hydrophilic polymer and a				
pharmaceutically acceptable				
surfactant, all of which are				
formulated in amorphous solid				
dispersion; and (2) a second layer				
which comprises 40 mg Compound				
2, as well as a pharmaceutically				
acceptable hydrophilic polymer and				
a pharmaceutically acceptable				
surfactant, all of which are				
formulated in amorphous solid				
dispersion.				

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Mexico, South Africa, Mongolia, Malaysia, Colombia	Australia, Israel, Japan, Korea, Republic of, United States of America, Panama,
		New Zealand

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Filed	Brazil, Türkiye, India, Ecuador, Guatemala, Thailand, Albania, North Macedonia, Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro	Canada, Costa Rica, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, New Zealand, Singapore, Hong Kong, Iceland, Norway, Poland, Romania, San Marino, Croatia, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Slovenia
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Philippines, China, Dominican Republic, Peru, Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Egypt, Indonesia, Viet Nam, Ukraine	Japan, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Chile, Russian Federation

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir crystal forms	WO2015188045	Polymorphs Abbvie Inc	Yes	
Expiry date: 2035-06-05				
The present invention features				
crystalline forms of Compound I. In				
one embodiment, a crystalline form				
of Compound I has characteristic				
peaks in the PXRD pattern as shown				
in any one of Figures 1-4.				

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Mexico	United States of America, Australia
Filed	Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Serbia	Canada, Japan, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, Morocco, China	Australia, Japan, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Pibrentasvir crystal forms	WO2015171993	Polymorphs Abbvie Inc	Yes	
Expiry date: 2035-05-08				
The present invention features				
crystalline forms of Compound I. In				
one embodiment, a crystalline form				
of Compound I has characteristic				
peaks in the PXRD pattern as shown				
in one of Figures 1-10.				

Patent status/countries Low, Low- middle and upper-middle		High income
Granted	Mexico	Australia, Japan, United States of America
Filed	China, Albania, Serbia, Türkiye, North Macedonia	Canada, Liechtenstein, Italy, Norway, Malta, Denmark, Belgium, United Kingdom, Greece, Netherlands, Hungary, Croatia, Switzerland, Spain, San Marino, Slovenia, Austria, Romania, Iceland, Cyprus, Finland, France, Bulgaria, Slovakia, Poland, Latvia, Ireland, Estonia, Germany, Luxembourg, Portugal, Czechia, Lithuania, Monaco, Sweden, United States of America
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), China, Morocco, Albania, Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Mexico	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Australia, Liechtenstein, Italy, Norway, Malta, Denmark, Belgium, United Kingdom, Greece, Netherlands, Hungary, Croatia, Switzerland, Spain, San Marino, Slovenia, Austria, Romania, Iceland, Cyprus, Finland, France, Bulgaria, Slovakia, Poland, Latvia, Ireland, Estonia, Germany, Luxembourg, Portugal, Czechia, Lithuania, Monaco, Sweden, Japan

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

	Representative			Licence with	Patent
Patent description	patent	Categories	Patent holder	МРР	source
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir use in HCV	WO2015153793	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	
(without IFN or RBV) II					
Expiry date: 2035-04-01					
The present invention features					
interferon-free therapies for the					
treatment of HCV. Preferably, the					
treatment is over a shorter duration					
of treatment, such as no more than					
12 weeks. In one aspect, the					
treatment comprises administering					
at least two direct acting antiviral					
agents to a subject with HCV					
infection, wherein the treatment					
lasts for 12 weeks and does not					
include administration of either					
interferon or ribavirin, and said at					
least two direct acting antiviral					
agents comprise (a) Compound 1 or					
a pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a					
pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
thereof.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Mexico	Australia, Japan, United States of America
Filed	China, Albania, North Macedonia,	Canada, Belgium, Germany, France,
	Serbia, Türkiye	Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland,
		United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria,
		Liechtenstein, Greece, Finland, Hungary,
		Iceland, Ireland, Norway, Poland,
		Portugal, Romania, San Marino,
		Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia,
		Denmark, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania,
		Malta, Monaco, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain

Low, Low- middle and upper-middle High income

Not in force

World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), China, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Brazil

Australia, Japan, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories	Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
-	-	_			
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir and RBV	WO2015153792	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	
use in HCV (without IFN) II					
Expiry date: 2035-04-01					
The present invention features					
interferon-free therapies for the					
treatment of HCV. Preferably, the					
treatment is over a shorter duration					
of treatment, such as no more than					
12 weeks. In one aspect, the					
treatment comprises administering					
at least two direct acting antiviral					
agents and ribavirin to a subject					
with HCV infection, wherein the					
treatment lasts for 12 weeks and					
does not include administration of					
interferon, and said at least two					
direct acting antiviral agents					
comprise (a) Compound 1 or a					
pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
thereof and (b) Compound 2 or a					
pharmaceutically acceptable salt					
thereof.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted		
Filed		Taiwan, Province of China

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization	Australia, Canada, Japan, United States
	(WIPO), China, Mexico, Albania, North	of America, World Intellectual Property
	Macedonia, Serbia, Türkiye, Bosnia and	Organization (WIPO), Belgium,
	Herzegovina, Montenegro	Germany, France, Finland, Greece,
		Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy,
		Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal,
		Romania, San Marino, Austria, Bulgaria,
		Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark,
		Estonia, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania,
		Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, Slovakia,
		Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland,
		United Kingdom

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories	5 Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir use in HCV	WO2014152514	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	
(without IFN or RBV)					
Expiry date: 2034-03-14					
The present invention features					
interferon- and ribavirin-free					
therapies for the treatment of HCV.					
Preferably, the treatment is over a					
shorter duration of treatment, such					
as no more than 12 weeks. In one					
aspect, the treatment comprises					
administering at least two direct					
acting antiviral agents without					
interferon and ribavirin to a subject					
with HCV infection, wherein the					
treatment lasts for 12 weeks, and					
said at least two direct acting					
antiviral agents comprise (a)					
Compound 1 or a pharmaceutically					
acceptable salt thereof and (b)					
Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically					
acceptable salt thereof.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Brazil, Mexico, Serbia, South Africa,	Canada, Australia, Cyprus, Denmark,
	Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan,	Spain, Israel, Japan, Korea, Republic of,
	Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan,	New Zealand, Poland, Portugal,
	Armenia, Türkiye, North Macedonia,	Slovenia, Belgium, Germany, France,
	Albania	Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland,
		Russian Federation, United Kingdom,
		Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein,
		Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland,
		Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia,
		Hungary, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San
		Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia,
		Lithuania

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Filed	Serbia, Türkiye, North Macedonia,	Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, Hong Kong,
	Albania	Korea, Republic of, Poland, Portugal,
		Singapore, Slovenia, Belgium, Germany,
		France, Luxembourg, Netherlands,
		Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden,
		Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece,
		Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Bulgaria,
		Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary,
		Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino,
		Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization	Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, Japan, Poland,
	(WIPO), China, Mexico, Serbia,	Portugal, Slovenia, Taiwan, Province of
	Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan,	China, United States of America, World
	Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan,	Intellectual Property Organization
	Armenia, Türkiye, North Macedonia,	(WIPO), Belgium, Germany, France,
	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina,	Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland,
	Montenegro	Russian Federation, United Kingdom,
		Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein,
		Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland,
		Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia,
		Hungary, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San
		Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia,

Lithuania

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories	Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir and RBV	WO2014152635	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	
use in HCV (without IFN)					
Expiry date: 2034-03-14					
The present invention features					
interferon -free therapies for the					
treatment of HCV. Preferably, the					
treatment is over a shorter duration					
of treatment, such as no more than					
12 weeks. In one aspect, the					
treatment comprises administering					
at least two direct acting antiviral					
agents and ribavirin to a subject					
with HCV infection, wherein the					
treatment lasts for 12 weeks and					
does not include administration of					
interferon, and said at least two					
direct acting antiviral agents					
comprise (a) Compound 1 and (b)					
Compound 2 or a pharmaceutically					
acceptable salt thereof as disclosed					
in the description.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Serbia, South Africa	Israel, Korea, Republic of
Filed		Canada, Denmark, Spain, Hong Kong,
		Croatia, Israel, Poland, Portugal,
		Singapore, Slovenia, Taiwan, Province of
		China, Norway, Cyprus, San Marino

Patent status/countries

Not in force

Low, Low- middle and upper-middle High income

World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Brazil, China, Mexico, Serbia, Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro Australia, Denmark, Spain, Hong Kong, Croatia, Japan, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, Slovenia, Taiwan, Province of China, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Russian Federation, Norway, Cyprus, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Iceland, Malta, San Marino, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories	Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Pibrentasvir use in HCV Expiry date: 2033-09-17 Pan-genotypic HCV inhibitors are described. This invention also relates to methods of using these	WO2014047039	Use	Abbvie Inc	Yes	

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Brazil, Mexico, South Africa, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia	Australia, Japan, New Zealand, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia
Filed	Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Serbia	Canada, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Province of China, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Spain, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), China, Mexico, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro	Japan, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Russian Federation

	Democratic		Licence	Patent
Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	with MPP	source
Direct-acting antiviral (DAA)	WO2013059638	Combination Abbvie Inc	Yes	
combinations without IFN or RBV				
Expiry date: 2032-10-19				
The present invention features				
interferon- and ribavirin-free				
therapies for the treatment of HCV.				
Preferably, the treatment is over a				
shorter duration of treatment, such				
as no more than 12 weeks. In one				
aspect, the therapies comprise				
administering at least two direct				
acting antiviral agents without				
interferon and ribavirin to a subject				
with HCV infection. For example,				
the therapies comprise				
administering to a subject an				
effective amounts of therapeutic				
agent 1 (ABT) or therapeutic agent				
2 (=ABT-333) or therapeutic agent				
3 (=ABT-072) or therapeutic agent				
4 (ABT), and an inhibitor of				
cytochrome P450 (e.g., ritonavir).				

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Mexico, Philippines, South Africa	United States of America
Filed		Switzerland, Germany, Denmark, Spain, Hong Kong, Israel, Singapore, Taiwan, Province of China, Cyprus

Patent status/countries

Not in force

Low, Low- middle and upper-middle High income

Argentina, China, Dominican Republic, Albania, North Macedonia, Serbia, Türkiye, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Philippines, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Brazil, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro Canada, Australia, Switzerland, Chile, Germany, Denmark, Spain, United Kingdom, Japan, Portugal, Sweden, Taiwan, Province of China, United States of America, Uruguay, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czechia, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Croatia, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Latvia, Monaco, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, San Marino, Russian Federation, New Zealand, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Patent holder	Licence with Patent MPP source
Pibrentasvir compound II	WO2012116257	Compound Abbvie Inc	Yes
Expiry date: 2032-02-24			
Compounds effective in inhibiting			
replication of Hepatitis C virus			
("HCV") are described. This			
invention also relates to processes			
of making such compounds,			
compositions comprising such			
compounds, and methods of using			
such compounds to treat HCV			
infection.			

Patent status

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	China, Mexico	Taiwan, Province of China, Spain, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Italy
Filed		Spain
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia	Canada, Japan, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Belgium, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, Sweden, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Denmark, Monaco, Portugal, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovenia

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories Pate	ent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Pibrentasvir compound	WO2012051361	Compound Abbo	ott Laboratories	Yes	
Expiry date: 2031-10-12					
Compounds effective in inhibiting					
replication of Hepatitis C virus					
(HCV) are described. This invention					
also relates to processes of making					
such compounds, compositions					
comprising such compounds, and					
methods of using such compounds					
to treat HCV infection.					

Patent status/countries	Low, Low- middle and upper-middle	High income
Granted	Colombia, Argentina, China, Dominican	United States of America, Australia,
	Republic, Turkmenistan, Belarus,	Chile, Japan, Korea, Republic of, New
	Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan,	Zealand, Singapore, Taiwan, Province of
	Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Moldova, Republic	China, Uruguay, Denmark, Spain,
	of, Ecuador, Türkiye, North Macedonia,	Portugal, Slovenia, Canada, Israel, Hong
	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina,	Kong, Russian Federation, Belgium,
	Montenegro, Serbia, Mexico, Peru,	Germany, France, Luxembourg,
	Ukraine, Bolivia (Plurinational State of),	Netherlands, Switzerland, United
	Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Viet	Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria,
	Nam, South Africa, Brazil	Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland,
		Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia,
		Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland,
		Iceland, Malta, Norway, Croatia,
		Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Panama

Patent status/countries

Low, Low- middle and upper-middle High income

Ecuador, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, India, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Mongolia, Pakistan, Paraguay, Thailand, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), Guatemala Costa Rica, Denmark, Spain, Portugal, Slovenia, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia,

Oman, United Arab Emirates

Not in force

Filed

World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Argentina, China, Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Moldova, Republic of, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, Mexico, Peru, Egypt, Viet Nam United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Chile, Costa Rica, New Zealand, Uruguay, Denmark, Spain, Portugal, Slovenia, Canada, Russian Federation, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, San Marino, Croatia, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Patent description	Representative patent	Categories	Patent holder	Licence with MPP	Patent source
Glecaprevir compound	WO2012040167	Compound	Enanta	Yes	
Expiry date: 2031-09-20			Pharmaceuticals, Inc		
The present invention discloses					
compounds of Formula (I) or					
pharmaceutically acceptable salts,					
esters, or prodrugs thereof: Formula					
(I) which inhibit serine protease					
activity, particularly the activity of					
hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS3-NS4A					
protease. Consequently, the					
compounds of the present invention					
interfere with the life cycle of the					
hepatitis C virus and are also useful					
as antiviral agents. The present					
invention further relates to					
pharmaceutical compositions					
comprising the aforementioned					
compounds for administration to a					
subject suffering from HCV					
infection. The invention also relates					
to methods of treating an HCV					
infection in a subject by					
administering a pharmaceutical					
composition comprising the					
compounds of the present					
invention.					

Patent status

Patent status/countries

Low, Low- middle and upper-middle High income

Granted	Argentina, Brazil, China, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Turkmenistan, Belarus, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Kyrgyzstan, Armenia, Moldova, Republic of, Ecuador, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, Guatemala, Mexico, Peru, South Africa, India, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Mongolia, Philippines, Malaysia, Pakistan, Indonesia, Ukraine	Canada, Australia, Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, Hong Kong, Croatia, Israel, Japan, Korea, Republic of, New Zealand, Portugal, Singapore, Slovenia, San Marino, United States of America, Chile, Costa Rica, Russian Federation, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Uruguay, Panama, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Oman, United Arab Emirates, Macao
Filed	Argentina, Paraguay, Viet Nam, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), Thailand	Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, Croatia, Portugal, Slovenia, San Marino, Taiwan, Province of China, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Hungary, Poland, Norway, Lithuania, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Oman, United Arab Emirates
Not in force	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Türkiye, North Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, Guatemala, India, Egypt, Malaysia, Indonesia	Australia, Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, Croatia, Japan, Korea, Republic of, Portugal, Slovenia, San Marino, United States of America, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Costa Rica, Belgium, Germany, France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Italy, Austria, Liechtenstein, Greece, Monaco, Ireland, Finland, Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Slovakia, Hungary, Poland, Iceland, Malta, Norway, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania, Uruguay, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Oman, United Arab Emirates

MPP Licence(s)

MPP licence on Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir (G/P)

Supporting material

Publications

Thomas DL, Owen A, Kiser JJ. Prospects for Long-Acting Treatments for Hepatitis C. Clin Infect Dis. 2022 Nov 21;75(Suppl 4):S525-S529. doi: 10.1093/cid/ciac715. PMID: 36410380; PMCID: PMC9678383.

In 2019, more than 4 years after the widespread availability of safe, oral, curative treatments, an estimated 58 million people were living with hepatitis C virus infections (PLWHC). Additional tools may enable those not yet reached to be treated. One such tool could be long-acting parenteral formulations of HCV treatments, which may allow PLWHC to be diagnosed and cured in a single encounter. Although existing highly effective oral medications might be formulated as long-acting parenteral treatments, pharmacological, regulatory, patent, and medical challenges have to be overcome; this requires the concerted efforts of PLWHC, researchers, funding agencies, industry, the World Health Organization, and other stakeholders.

Additional documents

No documents were uploaded

Useful links

- Developing Long-Acting Cures to Accelerate the End of Hepatitis C: Interview with Dr.
 Dave Thomas
- LEAP Conference 2023 Update from LONGEVITY Presentation

Access principles

Collaborate for development



Consider on a case by case basis, collaborating on developing long acting products with potential significant public health impact, especially for low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), utilising the referred to long-acting technology

Not provided Share technical information for match-making assessment



Provide necessary technical information to a potential partner, under confidentiality agreement, to enable preliminary assessment of whether specific medicines of public health importance in LMICs might be compatible with the referred to long-acting technology to achieve a public health benefit

Not provided Work with MPP to expand access in LMICs



In the event that a product using the referred to long-acting technology is successfully developed, the technology IP holder(s) will work with the Medicines Patent Pool towards putting in place the most appropriate strategy for timely and affordable access in low and middle-income countries, including through licensing

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