

Developed by









Niclosamide

Supported by

Developer(s)



Bayer https://www.bayer.com/en/

Germany

Bayer AG is a multinational pharmaceutical company that develops a wide range of chemical products and medicines for consumer healthcare, industrial biotechnology and agricultural purposes. Headquartered in Leverkusen, Bayer was originally founded in 1863 and is currently listed on the EURO STOXX 50 index.

Drug structure



Niclosamide Chemical Structure

Sourced from Drugbank

Drug information

Associated long-acting platforms

Aqueous drug particle suspension

Administration route

Intramuscular

Therapeutic area(s)

COVID 19

Use case(s)

Treatment

Use of drug

Ease of administration

Administered by a nurse Administered by a specialty health worker

User acceptance

Dosage

Available dose and strength

Not provided

Frequency of administration

Not provided

Maximum dose

Not provided

Recommended dosing regimen

Not provided

Additional comments

Not provided

Dosage link(s)

Drug information

Drug's link(s)

Not provided

Generic name

Niclosamide

Brand name

Niclocide

Compound type

Small molecule

Summary

Niclosamide (NCL) is an anthelmintic medication used for the treatment of human tapeworm (Cestoda) infection. Recent drug repurposing studies have shown that NCL possesses high levels of in vitro activity against SARS-CoV-2 as it impedes viral entry through an endocytic pH augmentation mechanism. NCL is highly insoluble in water (0.23-1.6 µg/mL at room temperature) which contributes to its poor bioavailability. Pharmacokinetic modelling has also indicated that oral dosing would not generate sufficient concentrations of circulating NCL to induce anti-SARS-CoV-2 activity. Therefore, recent attempts have been made to formulate long-acting aqueous solutions of NCL capable of providing high levels of systemic exposure.

Approval status

Unknown

Regulatory authorities

Unknown

Delivery device(s)

No delivery device

Scale-up and manufacturing prospects

Scale-up prospects

Formulations for long-acting NCL are currently in preclinical development. Researchers from the Centre of Excellence for Long-acting Therapeutics (CELT) at the University of Liverpool have recently developed a highly innovative redispersible solid drug nanoparticle (SDN) formulation that utilises nanoprecipitation methods similar to those already utilised in commercial-scale production of beta-carotene particles for foodstuffs and agriculture. Successful industrial scale-up of the spray-dried dispersion may require potential optimisation of the mixing process using high shear mixer geometries.

Tentative equipment list for manufacturing

Detailed information regarding industrial manufacturing requirements and/or equipment lists is currently not available as long-acting niclosamide formulations have been only been produced at small-scale for research use.

Manufacturing

The previously mentioned formulation developed by researchers from CELT at the University of Liverpool can be stored as a solid dry powder and reconstituted into an aqueous solution through the addition of water prior to administration.

Specific analytical instrument required for characterization of formulation

Dynamic light scattering equipment (Malvern Panalytical ZetaSizer Ultra Photon Correlation Spectroscope) to characterise the dry powder formulation. 1H nuclear magnetic spectroscopy to determine drug loading at 60 wt% relative to excipients using BzMA internal standard.

Clinical trials

Excipients

Proprietary excipients used

No proprietary excipient used

Novel excipients or existing excipients at a concentration above Inactive Ingredients Database (IID) for the specified route of administration

Not provided

Residual solvents used

No residual solvent used

Patent info

Description

Gastropod combating compositions

Brief description

Gastropod combating compositions

Representative patent

GB824345

Category

compound

Patent holder

Bayer AG

Exclusivity

Not provided

Expiration date

September 19, 1976

Status

Expired

Supporting material

Publications

Hobson JJ , Savage AC , Dwyer AB , Unsworth C , Massam J , Arshad U , Pertinez H , Box H , Tatham L , Rajoli RKR , Neary M , Sharp J , Valentijn A , David C , Curley P , Liptrott NJ , McDonald TO , Owen A , Rannard SP . Scalable nanoprecipitation of niclosamide and in vivo demonstration of long-acting delivery after intramuscular injection. Nanoscale. 2021 Apr 7;13(13):6410-6416. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1039/d1nr00309g. Epub 2021 Mar 25. PMID: 33885522.

The control of COVID-19 across the world requires the formation of a range of interventions including vaccines to elicit an immune response and immunomodulatory or antiviral therapeutics. Here, we demonstrate the nanoparticle formulation of a highly insoluble drug compound, niclosamide, with known anti SARS-CoV-2 activity as a cheap and scalable long-acting injectable antiviral candidate.

Additional documents

No documents were uploaded

Useful links

There are no additional links

Access principles

Collaborate for development



Consider on a case by case basis, collaborating on developing long acting products with potential significant public health impact, especially for low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), utilising the referred to long-acting technology

Not provided Share technical information for match-making assessment



Provide necessary technical information to a potential partner, under confidentiality agreement, to enable preliminary assessment of whether specific medicines of public health importance in LMICs might be compatible with the referred to long-acting technology to achieve a public health benefit

Not provided Work with MPP to expand access in LMICs



In the event that a product using the referred to long-acting technology is successfully developed, the technology IP holder(s) will work with the Medicines Patent Pool towards putting in place the most appropriate strategy for timely and affordable access in low and middle-income countries, including through licensing

Comment & Information