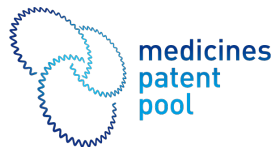
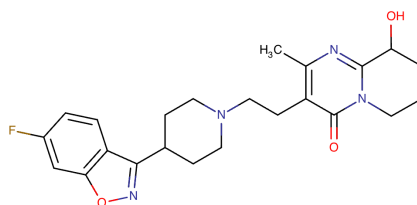


Developed by



Supported by



Paliperidone Palmitate Once-Monthly (PP1M)

Developer(s)



Janssen Pharmaceuticals

Originator

<https://www.janssen.com/>

Belgium

Janssen Pharmaceuticals is a subsidiary company of Johnson & Johnson headquartered in Beerse, Belgium. They focus on manufacturing and developing pharmaceutical products for use in areas such as, Immunology, Infectious Diseases & Vaccines, Pulmonary Hypertension, Cardiovascular & Metabolism, Oncology, and Neuroscience.

Neuraxpharm

Generic

<https://www.neuraxpharm.com/>

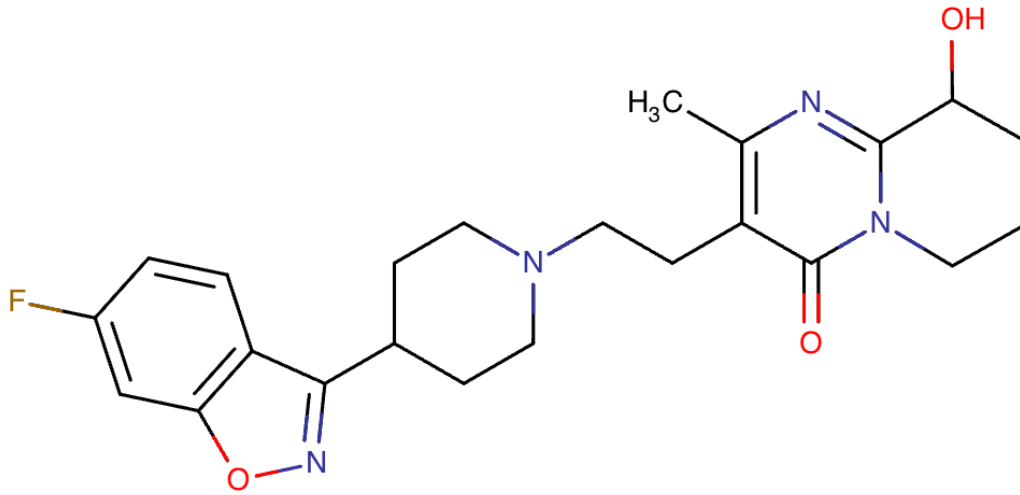
Spain & Germany



Neuraxpharm is a European biopharmaceutical company headquartered in both Barcelona, Spain and Langenfeld, Germany. Neuraxpharm specialises in developing medicines and generics for diseases of the central nervous system (CNS). Their portfolio consists of more than 120 molecules for the treatment of Anxiety, Depression, Schizophrenia, Epilepsy, Alzheimer's, Parkinson's and other CNS disorders.

Janssen-Cilag AG

Drug structure



Paliperidone Chemical Structure

Sourced From DrugBank

Drug information

Associated long-acting platforms

Aqueous drug particle suspension, Nanocrystal technology

Administration route

Intramuscular

Therapeutic area(s)

Mental health

Use case(s)

Treatment

Use of drug

Ease of administration

Administered by a nurse

Administered by a specialty health worker

User acceptance

Not provided

Dosage

Available dose and strength

Not provided

Frequency of administration

Not provided

Maximum dose

Not provided

Recommended dosing regimen

Not provided

Additional comments

Not provided

Dosage link(s)

Not provided

Drug information

Drug's link(s)

Not provided

Generic name

Paliperidone Palmitate Once-Monthly (PP1M)

Brand name

INVEGA SUSTENNA®, XEPLION®, Niapelf

Compound type

Not provided

Summary

Paliperidone palmitate administered as a once monthly long-acting injectable (PP1M) is indicated for the maintenance treatment of schizophrenia and schizoaffective disorder. INVEGA SUSTENNA® and XEPLION® are manufactured by Janssen Pharmaceuticals and available in dosage strengths of 25mg, 50mg, 100mg, and 150mg. Prior to the initiation of treatment, oral-lead periods to establish tolerability are required for patients naïve to either oral paliperidone or oral or injectable risperidone. Due to its extremely low water solubility, PP1M dissolves slowly following intramuscular injection, prior to being hydrolysed to paliperidone and subsequent absorption. Release of the active paliperidone substance lasts up to 4 months, with maximum plasma concentrations achieved after 13 days (median Tmax).

Approval status

PP1M has been approved under the trade name of INVEGA SUSTENNA® (Janssen-Cilag Ltd) by the US Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of schizophrenia (approved Aug 2009) & schizoaffective disorder (approved Nov 2015) as monotherapy

and as an adjunct to mood stabilisers or antidepressants. The safety and effectiveness of INVEGA SUSTENNA® in patients < 18 years of age have not been established. PP1M is approved by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) under the trade name XEPLION® (Janssen-Cilag Ltd) for the maintenance treatment of schizophrenia in adults whose disease has already been stabilised on treatment with paliperidone or risperidone. The European Commission granted a marketing authorisation valid throughout the European Union for XEPLION® on 4 March 2011.

Regulatory authorities

PP1M is authorised in 102 countries/territories worldwide as of December 6th 2022.

Delivery device(s)

No delivery device

Scale-up and manufacturing prospects

Scale-up prospects

PP1M is commercially manufactured.

Tentative equipment list for manufacturing

NanoCrystal® Colloidal Dispersion Nanomill™ apparatus.

Manufacturing

NanoCrystal technology enables intrinsically high loading of insoluble drugs as dosage forms consist mostly of pure API packed as a solid crystal, which is the most efficient form possible in relation to weight-to-volume. Paliperidone palmitate particles are dispersed in an aqueous suspension and transformed into smaller nanocrystals through particle-size reduction. These nanocrystals have a greater surface area than the larger original particles, resulting in increased water solubility. This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions and has a shelf life of two years.

Specific analytical instrument required for characterization of formulation

Digital microscope and scanning electron microscopy (SEM) to determine shape of the particles. Differential scanning calorimetric (DSC) and Fourier transforms infrared spectroscopy (FTIR) for quality control.

Clinical trials

Not provided

Excipients

Proprietary excipients used

No proprietary excipient used

Novel excipients or existing excipients at a concentration above Inactive Ingredients Database (IID) for the specified route of administration

No novel excipient or existing excipient used

Residual solvents used

No residual solvent used

Patent info

Description

Dosing regimen associated with long acting injectable paliperidone esters

Brief description

This invention relates to a method of treating patients in need of treatment with long acting injectable paliperidone palmitate formulations

Representative patent

AU2008340101B2

Category

Dosage Regimen

Patent holder

Janssen Pharmaceutica NV

Exclusivity

Not provided

Expiration date

December 17, 2028

Status

Active

Supporting material

Publications

Bishara D. Once-monthly paliperidone injection for the treatment of schizophrenia. *Neuropsychiatr Dis Treat*. 2010 Sep 7;6:561-72. doi: 10.2147/NDT.S8505. PMID: 20856919; PMCID: PMC2938305.

Paliperidone palmitate is a new long-acting antipsychotic injection for the treatment of acute and maintenance therapy in schizophrenia. Paliperidone (9-hydroxyrisperidone) is the major active metabolite of risperidone and acts at dopamine D2 and serotonin 5HT2A receptors. As with other atypical antipsychotics, it exhibits a high 5HT2A:D2 affinity ratio. It also has binding activity as an antagonist at α 1- and α 2 adrenergic receptors and H1 histaminergic receptors, but has virtually no affinity for cholinergic receptors. Paliperidone palmitate has been shown to be effective in reducing Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale total scores in four short-term trials in acute schizophrenia. It was also effective as maintenance therapy in a long-term trial in which time to recurrence of symptoms was significantly longer in paliperidone-treated patients compared with placebo. In addition, paliperidone was shown to be noninferior to risperidone long-acting injection in one study, but this noninferiority was not established in another longer study comparing the two drugs. Treatment should be initiated with 234 mg on day 1 and 156 mg on day 8, followed by a recommended monthly maintenance dose of 39–234 mg based on efficacy and tolerability.

Paliperidone palmitate is generally well tolerated, although it can cause weight gain and a rise in prolactin levels, which is generally greater in women than in men. Overall, paliperidone palmitate may have advantages over other currently available long-acting injections, and therefore may be a useful alternative for the treatment of schizophrenia, although further long-term trials comparing it with active treatments are warranted.

Additional documents

No documents were uploaded

Useful links

- <https://www.invegasustennahcp.com/>
- [Niapelf : EPAR - Public assessment report](#)

Access principles

Collaborate for development



Consider on a case by case basis, collaborating on developing long acting products with potential significant public health impact, especially for low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), utilising the referred to long-acting technology

Not provided

Share technical information for match-making assessment



Provide necessary technical information to a potential partner, under confidentiality agreement, to enable preliminary assessment of whether specific medicines of public health importance in LMICs might be compatible with the referred to long-acting technology to achieve a public health benefit

Not provided

Work with MPP to expand access in LMICs



In the event that a product using the referred to long-acting technology is successfully developed, the technology IP holder(s) will work with the Medicines Patent Pool towards putting in place the most appropriate strategy for timely and affordable access in low and middle-income countries, including through licensing

Not provided

Comment & Information

Three bioequivalence studies were conducted to compare Niapelf (a generic paliperidone palmitate prolonged-release injectable suspension) to the reference PP1M product. Two pivotal studies (TOL3033D and TOL3033B) demonstrated bioequivalence through 90% CIs for geometric LS mean ratio of test vs. reference within the acceptance range of 80.00%-125.00% for PK parameters (e.g. $AUC_{0-\infty}$, $AUC_{0-\tau}$, $C_{max,ss}$ and $C_{\tau,ss}$). The TOL3033A study was considered supportive due to a lack of statistical power after excluding a significant number of subjects following methodological deficiencies and GCP non-compliance. Notably, the test product (Niapelf) exhibits consistently lower exposure across all three BE studies (TOL3033D, TOL3033B, TOL3033A), however it was considered unlikely to be of clinical relevance.