

## NanoPortal™

Based on public information

## Developer(s)

Vivani Medical

Originator

<https://vivani.com/>

United States



Vivani Medical, Inc., headquartered in Alameda, California, develops biopharmaceutical implants leveraging their proprietary NanoPortal™ platform. The company focuses on creating long-term drug delivery solutions to address chronic diseases such as type 2 diabetes and chronic weight management. Vivani was formed from the merger of Nano Precision Medical, Inc. and Second Sight Medical Products, Inc

**Sponsor(s)**

No sponsor indicated

## Partnerships



NanoPrecision Medical

<https://www.linkedin.com/company/nanoprecision-medical/>

# Technology information

## Type of technology

Titanium implant

## Administration route

Subcutaneous, Intraocular

## Development state and regulatory approval

### Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient (API)

Exenatide

### Development Stage

Phase I

### Regulatory Approval

Not provided

## Description

The NanoPortal implant device technology are customizable drug delivery system according to the desired drug release rate, implant duration, and various other factors specific to the target product profile. NanoPortal holds significant potential to improve tolerability by addressing common issues associated with the API and its variable drug release patterns. Smaller nanotube pore size and fewer exposed nanotubes produces slower drug release rates.

## Technology highlight

- Space-Efficient Design
- No pumps or electronic devices
- Subdermal Administration
- Incorporation of different concentrations of API
- Vertical nanotubes (40 micrometers in length) attached to titanium substrate
- The content of the tubes are customizable depending on the desired delivery rate of the API
- Pore is only slightly larger than the API molecule, you can achieve a near constant steady rate of medication deliver

## Technology main components

The NanoPortal implant typically consists of • A housing (Capsule) • Titania (TiO<sub>2</sub>) nanotube membrane • Obturator • Pressure reducer • Connector for transport of fluid • Reservoir for biocompatible fluid

## Information on the raw materials sourcing, availability and anticipated price

Not provided

## Delivery device(s)

NanoPortal Implantable drug delivery system: Titanium-based subcutaneous implant with nanopore membrane for drug delivery

# APIs compatibility profile

## API desired features

### Water-soluble molecules

### Water-insoluble molecules

### Small molecules

Therapeutic agents of type 2 diabetes, high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, joint problems, liver disease, gallstones, some types of cancer, and sleep & pulmonary diseases are targeted for NanoPortal Implant drug delivery system.

### Proteins

NanoPortal has the potential to deliver large hydrophilic molecules, such as peptides and proteins, potentially enabling a broader range of therapeutic applications.

### Additional solubility data

Not provided

### Additional stability data

Not provided

### API loading: Maximum drug quantity to be loaded

Not provided



## **API co-administration**

Not provided

## **LogP**

Not provided

# **Scale-up and manufacturing prospects**

## **Scale-up prospects**

Not provided

## **Tentative equipment list for manufacturing**

• Plasma treatment system • Uv-ozone treatment unit • Chemical activation bath • Dip-coating machine • Spin-coating device • Spray-coating equipment • Layer-by-layer assembly setup • Thermal curing ovens • Chemical curing stations • Annealing furnaces • Controlled atmosphere chambers

## **Manufacturing**

ISO Class 5 to ISO Class 8 with HEPA filters Process of manufacturing includes: • Preparation of Nanoporous Substrate: Create nanopores in polycarbonate using ion track etching/ anodization/ phase inversion • Surface Treatment and Coating Preparation: Enhance adhesion with plasma treatment or chemical activation; prepare the coating solution with desired materials and additives • Application and Curing of Coating: Apply the coating via dip-coating or spray-coating, then dry and cure using thermal treatment, UV irradiation, or chemical curing • Post-Treatment and Characterization using SEM.

## **Specific analytical instrument required for characterization of formulation**

• Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) • Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM) • Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) • Raman spectroscopy • Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) • Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA) • Tensile testing • Nanoindentation • Gas Adsorption (BET Analysis) • Mercury Intrusion Porosimetry • High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) • Mass Spectrometry (MS) • X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS)

# Clinical trials

## LIBERATE-1

### Identifier

NCT05670379

### Link

<https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05670379>

### Phase

Phase I

### Status

Not yet recruiting

### Sponsor

Vivani Medical, Inc

### More details

The purpose of this study is to evaluate the safety, tolerability and drug levels of an exenatide implant (NPM-119) for the treatment of type 2 diabetes

### Purpose

Assessment of Safety, Tolerability and Drug Levels of NPM-119 in Participants With Type 2 Diabetes

### Interventions

#### Intervention 1

NPM-119 (exenatide implant)

## **Intervention 2**

Bydureon BCise (exenatide extended release)

## **Countries**

Not provided

## **Sites / Institutions**

Not provided

## **Trials dates**

### **Anticipated Start Date**

2024-03-01

### **Actual Start Date**

Not provided

### **Anticipated Date of Last Follow-up**

2023-11-27

### **Estimated Primary Completion Date**

2025-01-01

### **Estimated Completion Date**

2025-01-01

### **Actual Primary Completion Date**

Not provided

### **Actual Completion Date**

Not provided

## **Studied populations**

### **Age Cohort**

- Adults
- Older Adults

### **Genders**

- All

### **Accepts pregnant individuals**

Unspecified

### **Accepts lactating individuals**

Unspecified

### **Accepts healthy individuals**

No

### **Comments about the studied populations**

Inclusion Criteria: \* Type 2 diabetes \* BMI up to 40 kg/m<sup>2</sup> \* Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR)  $\geq 60$  mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> \* HbA1c  $\leq 8.5$  \* Treated with a stable regimen of a GLP-1receptor agonist other than exenatide-containing drugs for a minimum of 3 months Exclusion Criteria: \* Has a clinically significant medical condition that could potentially affect study participation and/or personal well-being \* History of, or currently has, acute or chronic pancreatitis or has triglyceride concentrations  $\geq 500$  mg/dL \* Has medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or multiple endocrine neoplasia (MEN II) or a family history of MTC or MEN II \* Current or past exposure to exenatide \* Sulfonylurea (SU) use within the prior 3 months \* Alpha-glucosidase inhibitor, meglitinide, nateglinide.

### **Health status**

Not provided

### **Study type**

Interventional (clinical trial)

### **Enrollment**

## **Allocation**

Randomized

## **Intervention model**

Parallel Assignment

## **Intervention model description**

Not provided

## **Masking**

Open label

## **Masking description**

Not provided

## **Frequency of administration**

Other : "Every 12 weeks "

## **Studied LA-formulation(s)**

Implant

## **Studied route(s) of administration**

Subcutaneous

## **Use case**

Treatment

## **Key resources**

Not provided

# Excipients

## **Proprietary excipients used**

No proprietary excipient used

## **Novel excipients or existing excipients at a concentration above Inactive Ingredients Database (IID) for the specified route of administration**

No novel excipient or existing excipient used

## **Residual solvents used**

No residual solvent used

# **Additional features**

## **Other features of the technology**

- Drug-eluting
- Removable
- Single-use
- Reservoir-type

## **Release properties**

Minimally fluctuating drug release profile were observed in pre-clinical studies.

## **Injectability**

Insertion using smaller 11-gauge needle

## **Safety**

Phase I (LIBERATE-1) safety and efficacy studies of NPM-115 are ongoing.

## **Stability**

Not provided

## **Storage conditions and cold-chain related features**

Not provided



## Potential application(s)

### Therapeutic area(s)

Diabetes

Other(s) : "Hypertension, Coronary Heart Disease, Stroke, Arthritis, Liver disease, Gallstones, and Sleep & Pulmonary diseases"

Oncology

### Use case(s)

Not provided

### Use of technology

#### Ease of administration

- Administered by a community health worker
- Administered by a nurse
- Administered by a specialty health worker

#### Frequency of administration

Weekly, Monthly, Every 12 weeks

#### User acceptance

Not provided

## Targeted user groups

### Age Cohort

- Adults
- Older Adults

### Genders

- All

### Pregnant individuals

Unspecified

### Lactating individuals

Unspecified

### Healthy individuals

Unspecified

### Comment

Not provided

## Potential associated API(s)

**Exenatide**

### **Class(es)**

GLP-1 agonist

### **Development stage**

Phase I

### **Clinical trial number(s)**

NCT05670379

### **Foreseen/approved indication(s)**

Obesity, Type II Diabetes Mellitus, Feline Pre-Diabetes & Diabetes

### **Foreseen user group**

Not provided

### **Foreseen duration between application(s)**

Once every 12 weeks

### **Applications to Stringent Regulatory Authorities (SRA) / regulatory approvals**

Not provided

## Semaglutide

### Class(es)

GLP-1 Analogues

### Development stage

Pre-clinical

### Clinical trial number(s)

Not provided

### Foreseen/approved indication(s)

Obesity

### Foreseen user group

Not provided

### Foreseen duration between application(s)

Not provided

### Applications to Stringent Regulatory Authorities (SRA) / regulatory approvals

Not provided



# Patent info

## Description

Implant Delivery System with Hydration Promotor Capability

## Brief description

The application pertains to apparatuses, means and methods to promote uptake of biocompatible fluids into a reservoir of an implantable drug delivery system through a porous membrane. Examples of the application promote fluid uptake by creating a pressure differential between the reservoir of the drug delivery device and the biocompatible fluid outside the device.

## Representative patent

WO2018067535

## Category

Medical Device

## Patent holder

Nano Precision Medical, Inc.

## Exclusivity

Not provided

## Expiration date

October 7, 2037

## Status

Not provided

## **Description**

Apparatus and Method for Promoting Fluid Uptake into an Implant

### **Brief description**

The invention pertains to apparatuses, means and methods to promote uptake of fluids into a reservoir of an implantable drug delivery system through a porous membrane. Embodiments of the invention promote fluid uptake by creating a pressure differential between the reservoir of the drug delivery device and the environment of the device after implantation, for instance a subcutaneous pocket.

### **Representative patent**

WO2016123027

### **Category**

Medical Device

### **Patent holder**

Nano Precision Medical, Inc.

### **Exclusivity**

Not provided

### **Expiration date**

January 26, 2036

### **Status**

Not provided

## **Description**

Implant Device for Drug Delivery

## **Brief description**

The present invention provides a method for controlling the internal diameter of nanopores to afford nanopore membranes with a zero-order rate of release of a therapeutic agent.

## **Representative patent**

WO2015112811A1

## **Category**

Medical Device

## **Patent holder**

Nano Precision Medical, Inc.

## **Exclusivity**

Not provided

## **Expiration date**

January 23, 2035

## **Status**

Not provided



# Supporting material

## Publications

There are no publication

## Additional documents

- [2024 Investor Presentation](#)

## Useful links

- [NanoPortal Official Website](#)

# Access principles

## Collaborate for development



Consider on a case by case basis, collaborating on developing long acting products with potential significant public health impact, especially for low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), utilising the referred to long-acting technology

Not provided

## Share technical information for match-making assessment



Provide necessary technical information to a potential partner, under confidentiality agreement, to enable preliminary assessment of whether specific medicines of public health importance in LMICs might be compatible with the referred to long-acting technology to achieve a public health benefit

Not provided

## Work with MPP to expand access in LMICs

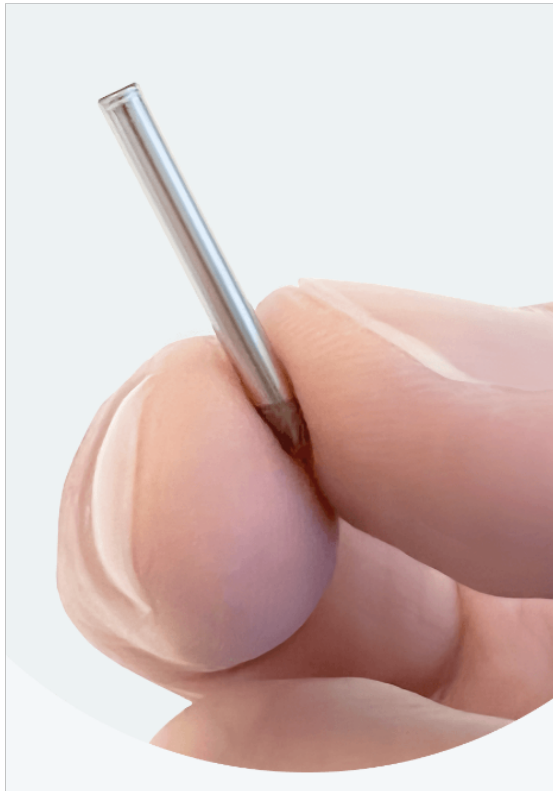


In the event that a product using the referred to long-acting technology is successfully developed, the technology IP holder(s) will work with the Medicines Patent Pool towards putting in place the most appropriate strategy for timely and affordable access in low and middle-income countries, including through licensing

Not provided

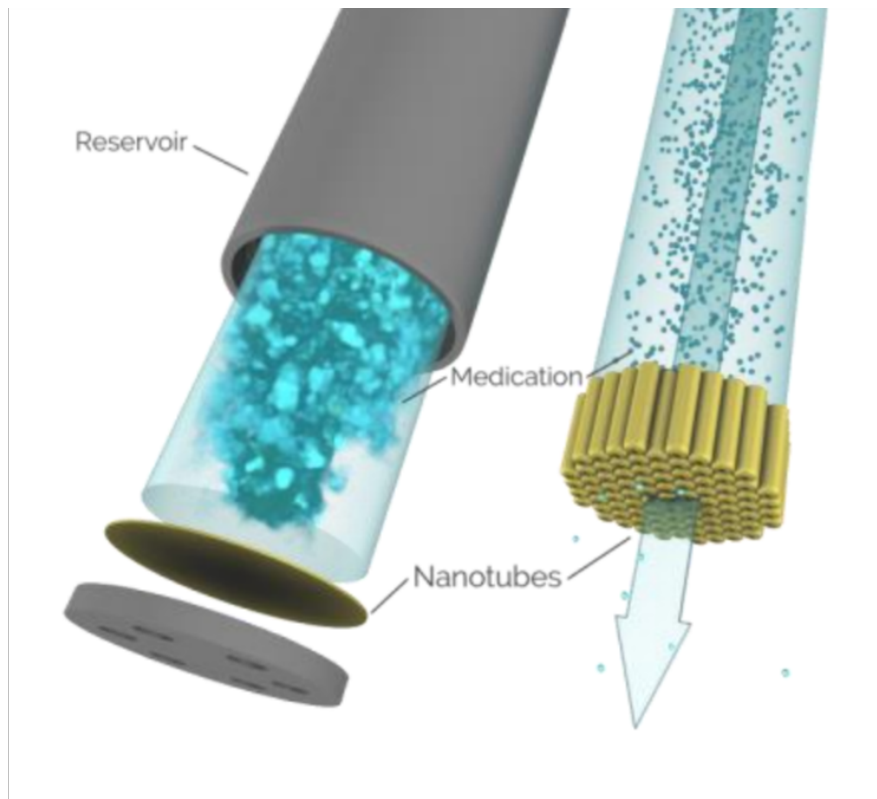
## **Comment & Information**

## Illustrations



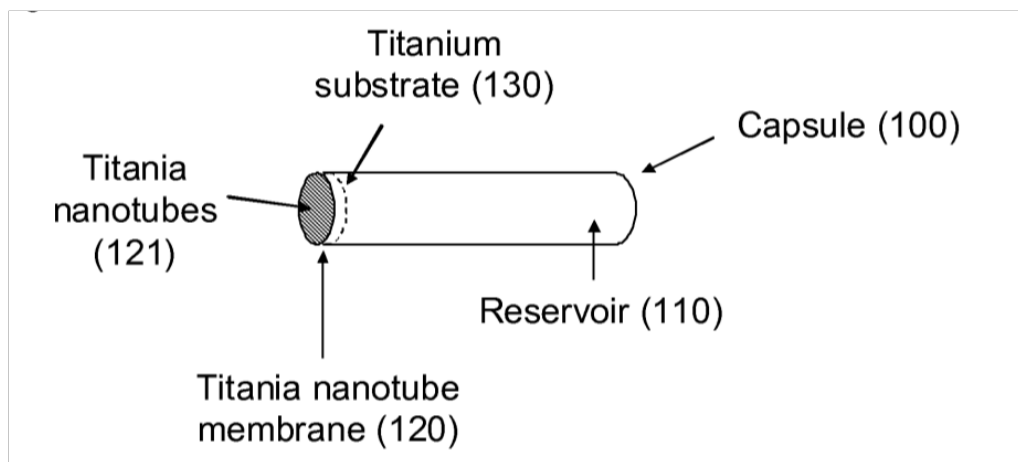
NanoPortal Implant

NanoPortal (2024) Vivani. Available at: <https://vivani.com/> (Accessed: 09 July 2024).



Graphical illustration of different parts of the NanoPortal

Vivani Medical. (2024, May 13). Vivani investor presentation May 2024. Retrieved from [https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/\\_2ec16443bfa8ea8ed92ef0a0a7e08196/vivanimedical/](https://d1io3yog0oux5.cloudfront.net/_2ec16443bfa8ea8ed92ef0a0a7e08196/vivanimedical/)



Different parts of the NanoPortal

Young, P., & Borde, B. (2015). System and method for facilitating development of a cellular therapy (WO2015112811A1). World Intellectual Property Organization.  
Retrieved from <https://patents.google.co>